



**REDUCTION OF
RADIOLOGICAL
ACCIDENT
CONSEQUENCES**



POLITECNICO
MILANO 1863

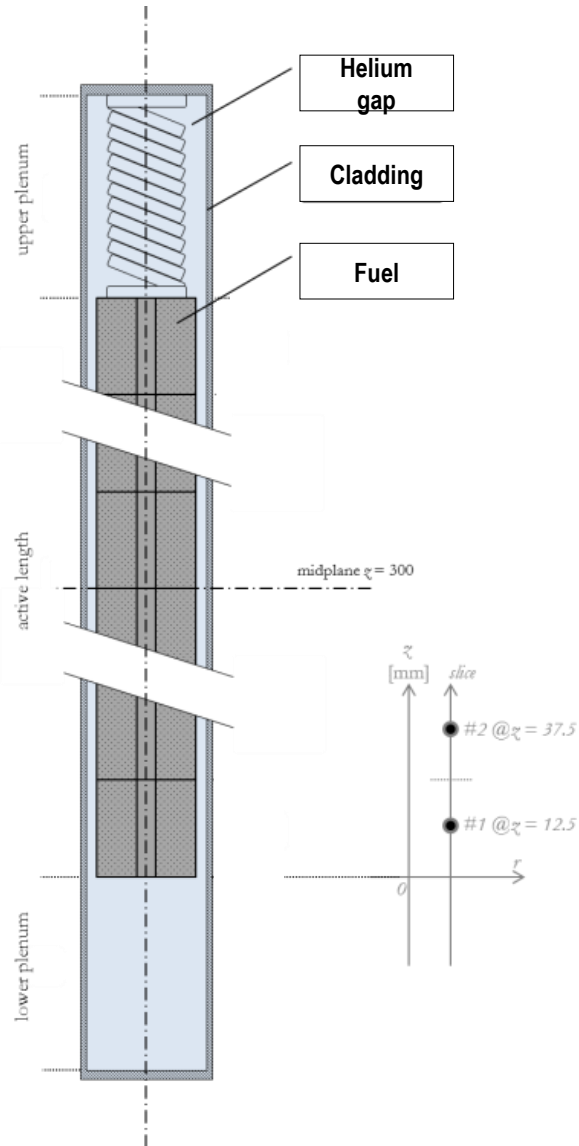
Title	Fission product behaviour tools
Speaker:	Davide Pizzocri
Affiliation:	Politecnico di Milano
Event:	R2CA Summer School
When:	4-6 July 2023
Where:	ENEA Bologna



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Object, nuclear fuel rod



Nuclear fuel rod (ThR//FR) is made of a **stack of oxide (UO_2 //MOX) fuel pellets** wrapped in **metallic (Zry//SS) cladding**

Its performance is fundamental for **safe operation** of the reactor (and **licensing** and **design**)



Need of **integral fuel performance codes (FPCs)** and integral irradiation experiments to assess the fuel rod **thermo-mechanical behaviour** (σ , ϵ , and T)

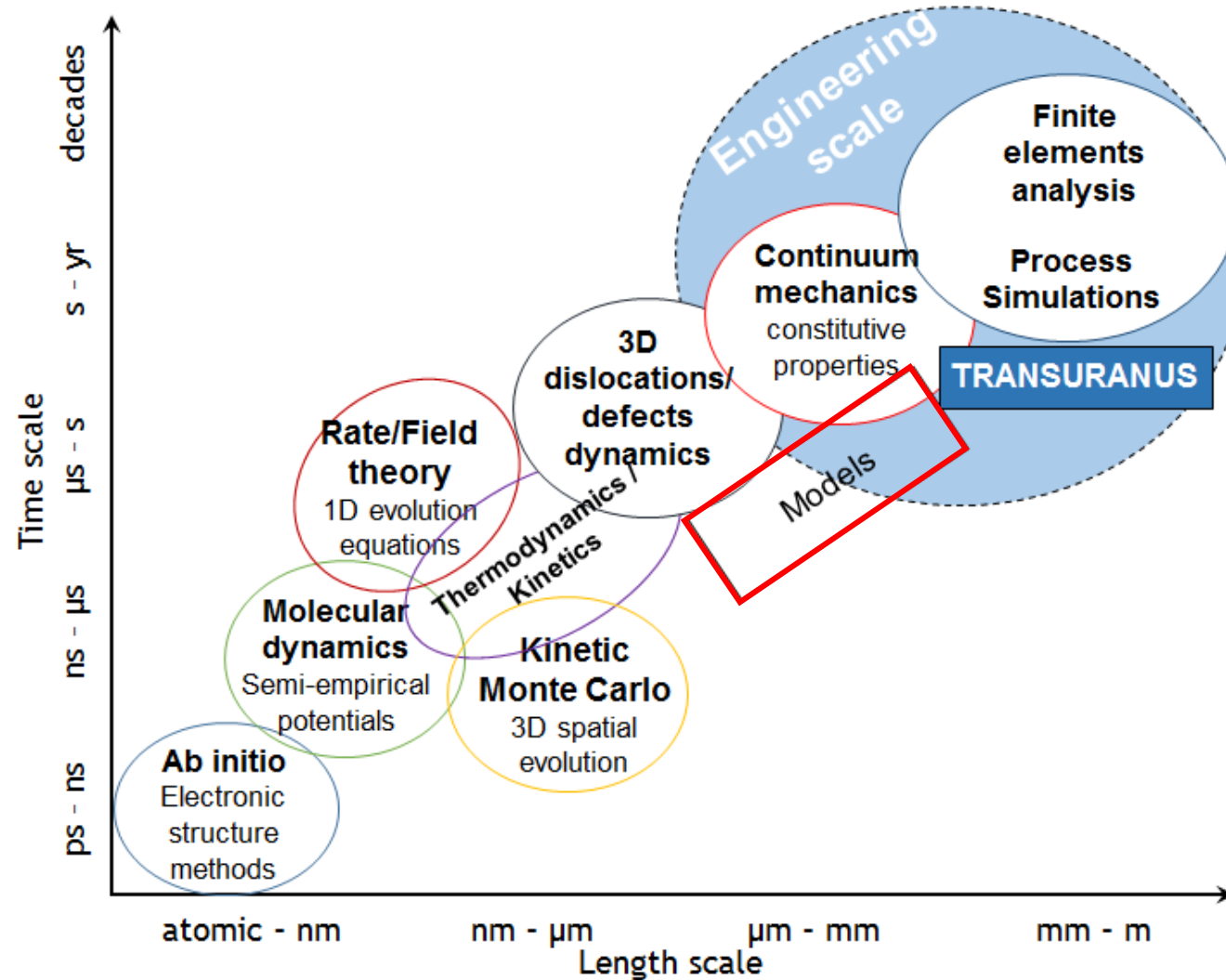


Focus on inert gas behavior, i.e., **gaseous swelling & fission gas release**



Multi-scale modelling

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DESIGN BASIS & DESIGN EXTENSION ACCIDENTS

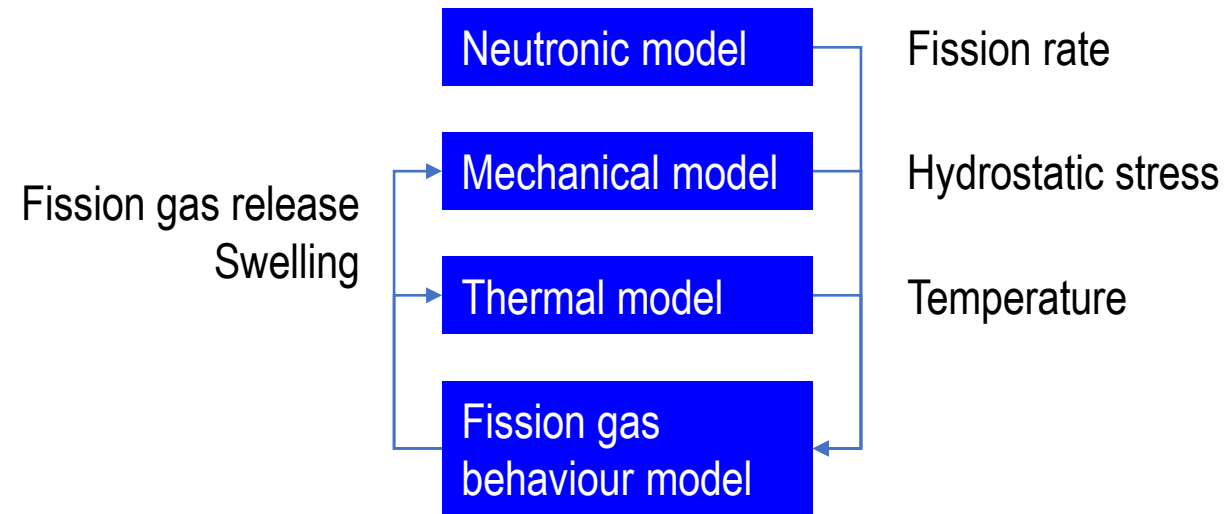


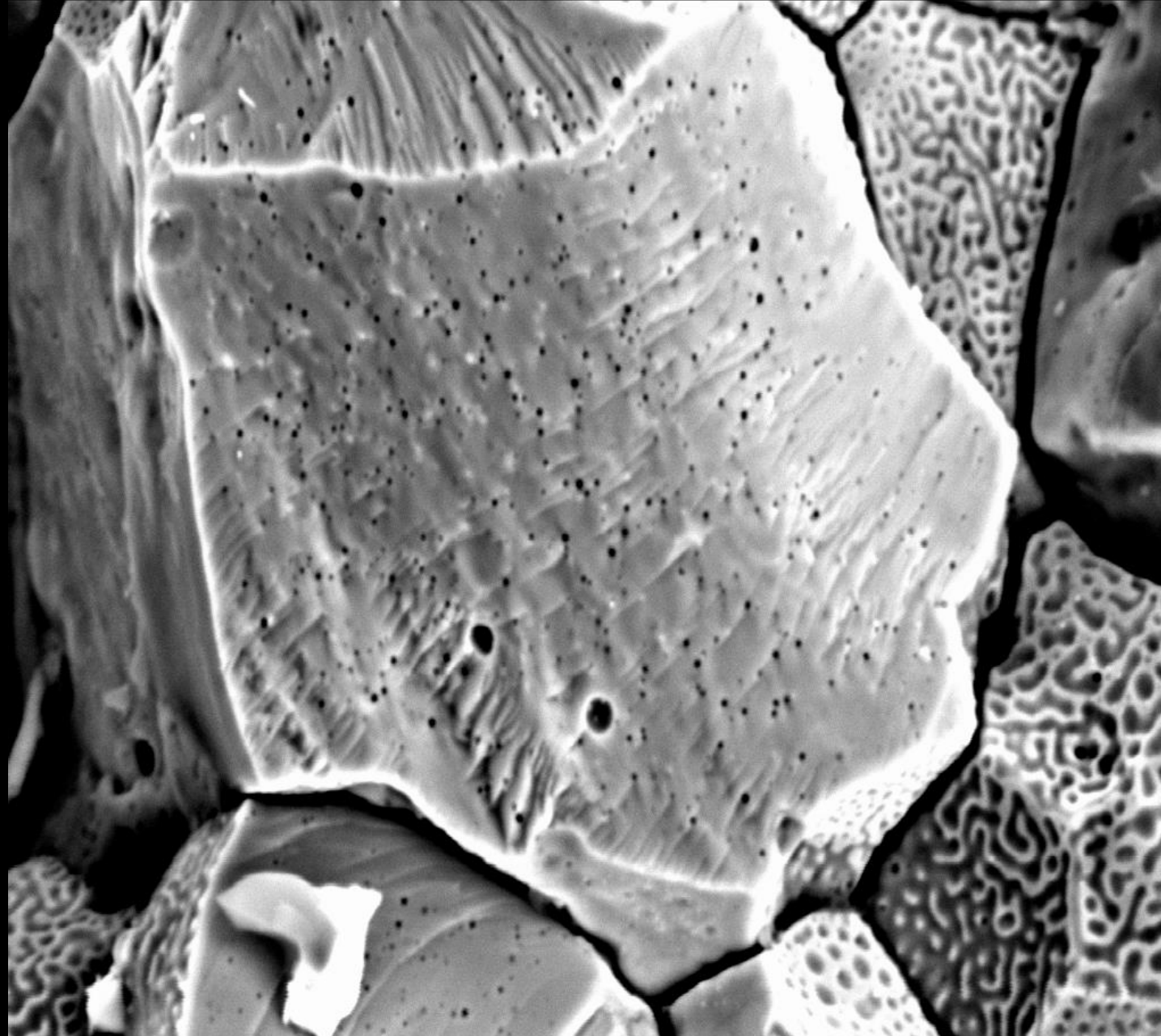


Multi-scale up to engineering scale

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Fuel performance code



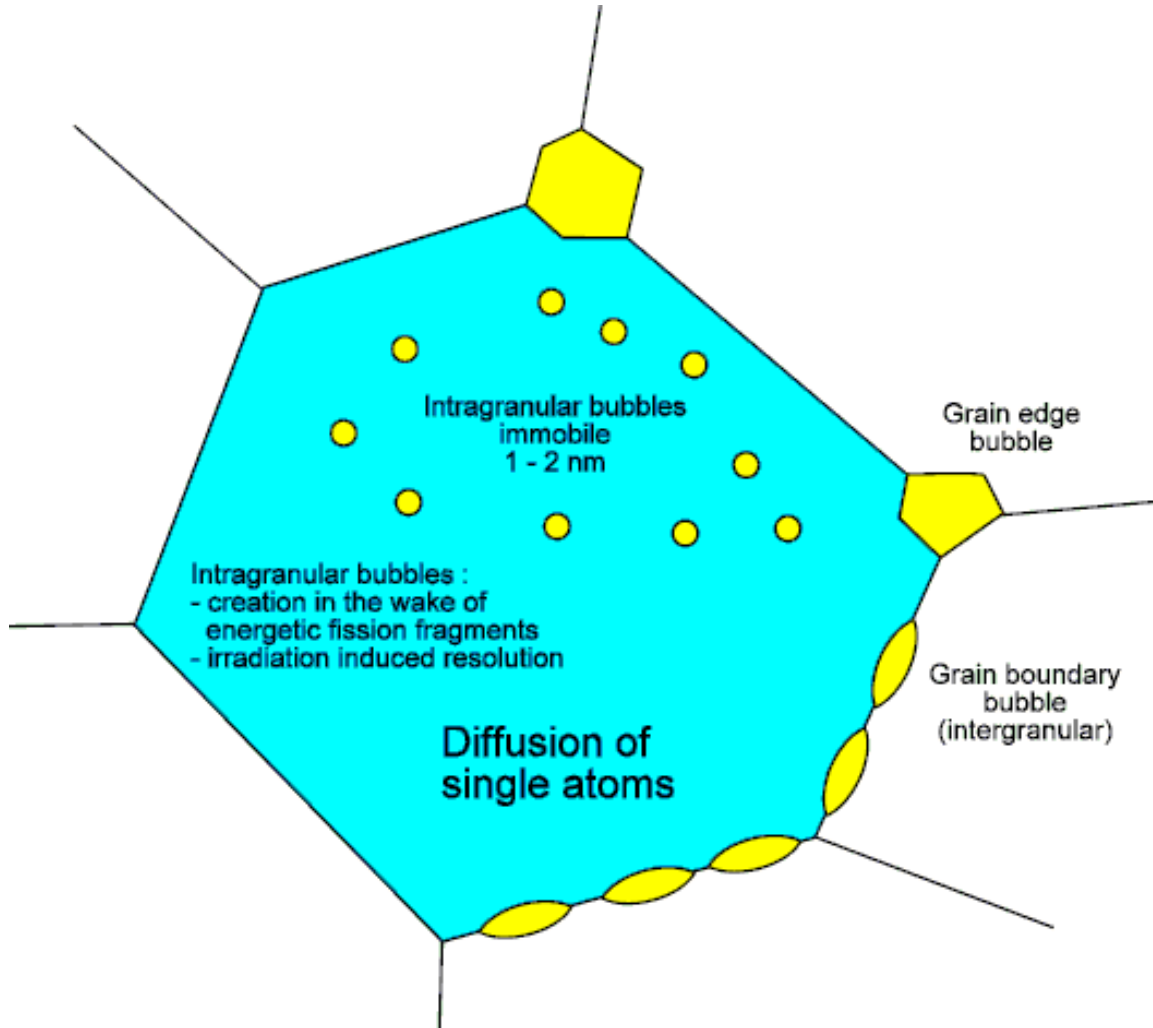


10µm 20KV WD22mm X2,500 07 PHOT 9506004C



Grain-scale models

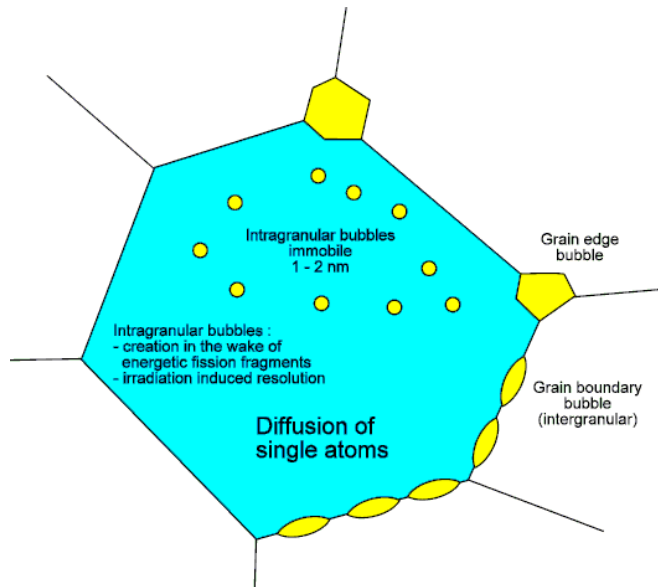
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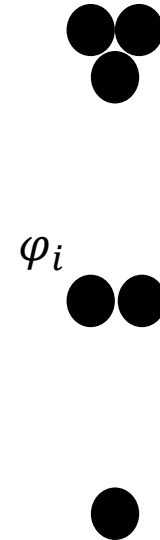


Grain-scale models

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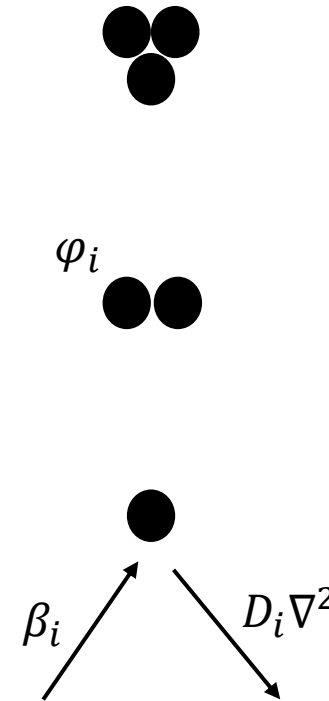
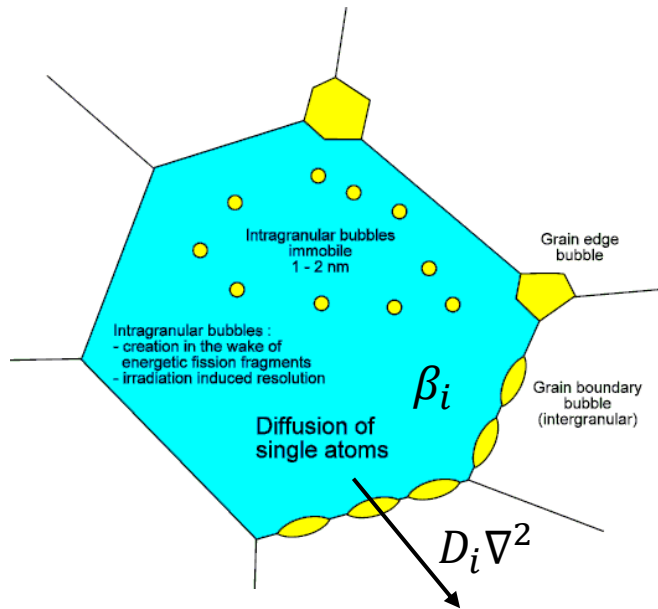
$$\frac{d\varphi_i}{dt} =$$





Grain-scale models, production + diffusion

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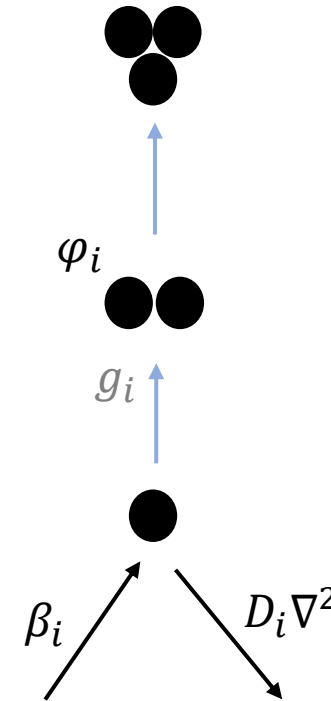
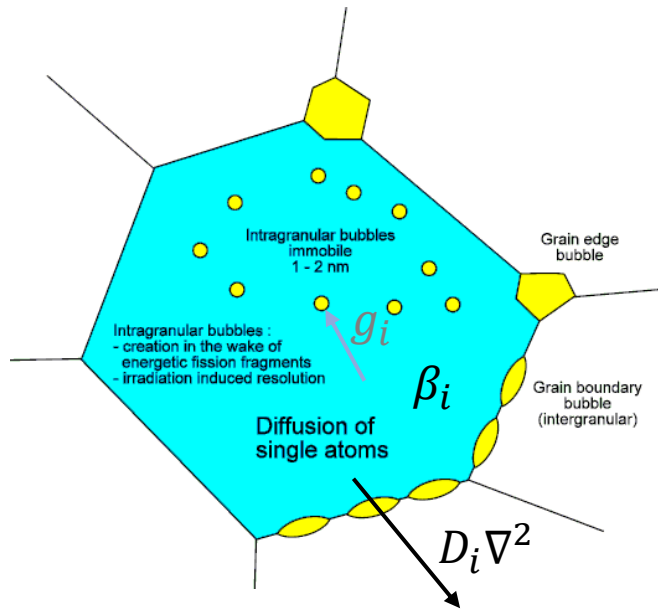


$$\frac{d\varphi_i}{dt} = \beta_i + D_i \nabla^2 \varphi_i$$





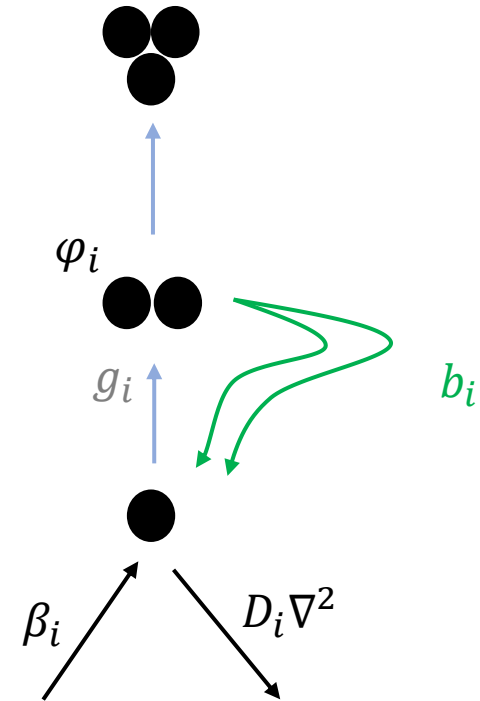
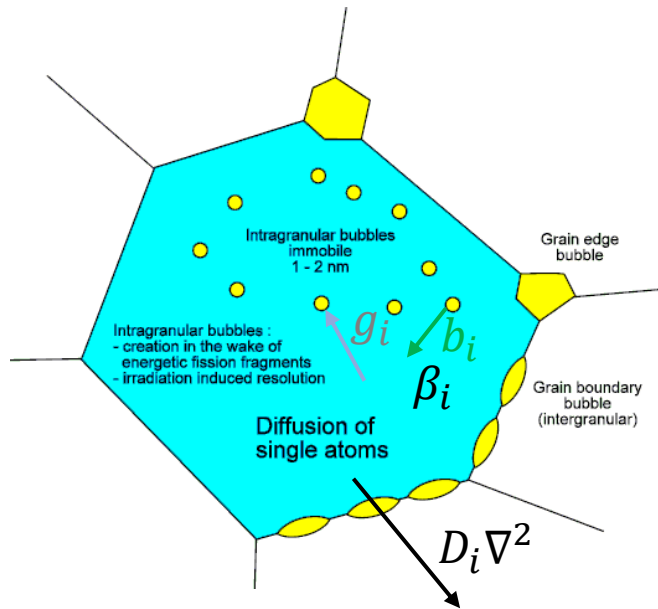
Grain-scale models, trapping



$$\frac{d\varphi_i}{dt} = \beta_i + D_i \nabla^2 \varphi_i - g_i \varphi_i + g_{i-1} \varphi_{i-1}$$



Grain-scale models, re-resolution



$$\frac{d\varphi_i}{dt} = \beta_i + D_i \nabla^2 \varphi_i - g_i \varphi_i + g_{i-1} \varphi_{i-1} - b_i \varphi_i - b_{i+1} \varphi_{i+1}$$



Rate theory equations

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$$\left\{ \frac{d\varphi_i}{dt} = \sum_j \alpha_{ji} \varphi_j + \beta_i + D_i \nabla^2 \varphi_i \right.$$





Rate theory equations

$$\left\{ \frac{d\varphi_i}{dt} = \sum_j \alpha_{ji} \varphi_j + \beta_i + D_i \nabla^2 \varphi_i \right.$$

Fission product chemistry : Interaction (non-linear) terms !

$$\sim \varphi_i \varphi_j$$



Rate theory equations

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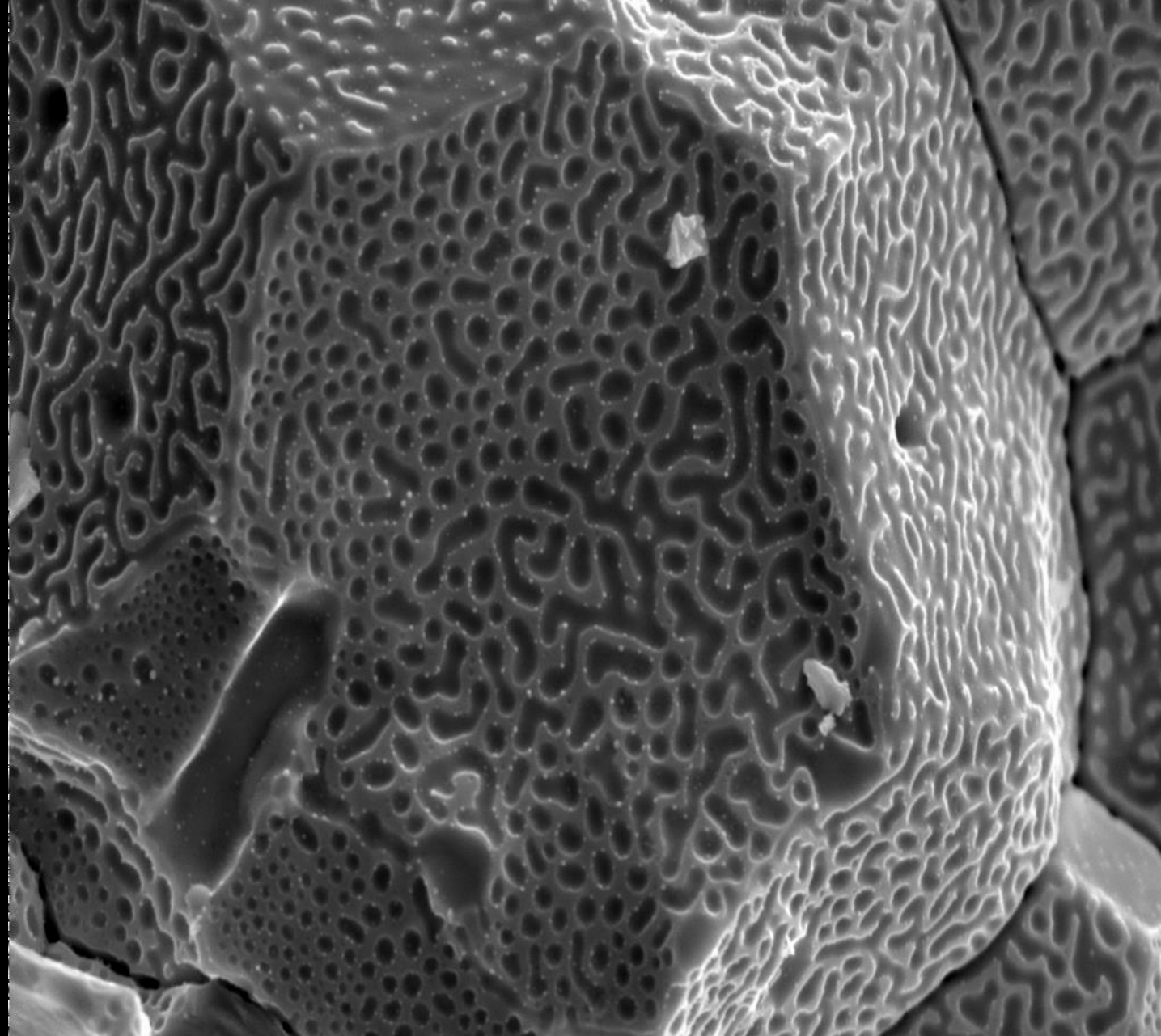
$$\left\{ \frac{d\varphi_i}{dt} = \sum_j \alpha_{ji} \varphi_j + \beta_i + D_i \nabla^2 \varphi_i \right.$$

Fission product chemistry : Interaction (non-linear) terms !

$$\sim \varphi_i \varphi_j$$

PARAMETERS !!!







Examples of available tools

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- CARACAS (CEA)
- MARGARET (CEA)
- MFPR-F (IRSN)
- SIFGRS (Idaho National Laboratory)
- SCIANTIX (Politecnico di Milano)
- ...





Summary and conclusions

- Fission gas and fission products behaviour are key for predicting overall performance of nuclear fuel rods
- Multi-scale approaches are suitable to transfer knowledge up to the engineering scale
- Knowledge of model parameters and of their impact is fundamental for reliable analyses
- Several tools are available and suited for different applications, with development gaps being addressed by several research initiatives

Thank you for your kind attention!

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